PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF SOUTH CAROLINA



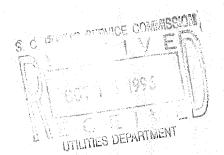


TEGA CAY WATER SERVICE, INC. PROPOSED INCREASES IN WATER AND SEWER RATES

DOCKET NO. 96-137-W/S

TESTIMONY OF

MICHAEL A. BLEIWEIS



ON BEHALF OF

THE CONSUMER ADVOCATE

RETURN DATE: _____ SERVICE: OK G

OCTOBER, 1996

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE
<u>s</u>	TATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS	1
<u>s</u>	UMMARY OF CONCERNS	3
<u>15</u>	SSUES	5
	A. Salaries & Wages	5
	B. Expense Variances	
	C. Deferred Charges	
	D. Regulatory Commission Expense	
	E. Income Taxes	
	F. Customer Growth	
	G. Wells	
	H. Allocations	
	I. Tap Fees	

I. STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

- 2 Q. Please state your name and business address.
- 3 A. My name is Michael A. Bleiweis and my business address is 733 Summer
- 4 Street, Stamford, Connecticut.

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- 5 Q. By whom are you employed?
- 6 A. I am employed by The Woodside Group, Inc., a financial and management consulting firm.
- 8 Q. What position do you hold with The Woodside Group and in what endeavor do you specialize?
- 10 A. I am a principal specializing in public utility rate cases. Over the course
 11 of my career, my services have been utilized by public utilities and
 12 various consumer advocate and public interest groups.
- 13 Q. For whom are you testifying in this proceeding?
- 14 A. I am testifying on behalf of the Consumer Advocate.
- 15 Q. What is your educational background?
- 16 A. I am a graduate of Syracuse University with a Bachelor of Arts degree in
- 17 Political Science and of New York University Graduate School of
- 18 Business Administration with a Masters of Business Administration
- degree in Securities Analysis and Financial Analysis.

Q. What has been your business experience?

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- A. In 1973, I was employed as an economic research consultant with the firm
 of National Economic Research Associates (NERA) where I was involved
 in the preparation of rate of return exhibits that were based upon
 computer modeling for various utility companies.
- In 1974, I joined the firm of Citizens Utilities Company as a Revenue Requirements Analyst. My duties included the preparation of financial exhibits and testimony for various electric, water, gas and sewer company rate cases.
- In 1977, I joined American Water Works Service Company as Director of
 Rates and Revenue of the Eastern and New England Divisions of
 American Water Works Company, Inc. I was charged with the
 responsibility of preparing financial exhibits, supporting data and
 testimony for use in rate hearings for a total of thirteen water companies
 in New England, New York and New Jersey.
- 16 I have been employed at The Woodside Group since 1979.

17 Q. Please describe further your experience in regulatory matters.

A. Attached as Appendix A, is a listing of the proceedings in which I have testified or participated concerning the proper determination of revenue requirements and other rate-related topics.

II. SUMMARY OF CONCERNS

Q. Mr. Bleiweis, will you please summarize your major concerns as
 presented in the following testimony.

4 A. I have two major concerns based upon my review and analysis of the company's filing and replies to data requests.

First, the company has made little effort to present its booked test year expenses on a normalized basis. It is an accepted ratemaking practice that future rates should be based on test year expenditures that are representative of future conditions. Booked expenses cannot simply be accepted at face value. The burden should be placed upon the company, not upon the Staff or the Consumer Advocate, to present test year data which has been adjusted to reflect normal conditions. I will present several adjustments in this proceeding which adjust expenses to a normalized level.

Second, a large portion of the company's expenses have been allocated to it by the parent company or other sister companies. Yet, the company has provided no support for these booked expenses in the form of testimony or workpapers. I have questioned a series of these expenditures, since they appear to have no direct benefit to the company's ratepayers. Unless the company can explain and support these allocations in detail, they should not be accepted for ratemaking purposes.

- 1 Q. How do your adjustments affect the company's pro forma operating 2 margin at present rates?
- A. As shown on Schedule MAB-1, I have calculated the company's pro forma operating margin at present rates to be a positive 0.23%, as compared to the company's claim of negative 4.19%

III. <u>ISSUES</u>

2 A. Salaries & Wages

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- Q. Please explain the derivation of the salaries and wages expense charged to the company during the test year ended December 31, 1995.
- A. During the test year, \$161,880 of salaries and wages expense was
 charged to the company. The derivation of this expense is as follows:

	Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. Salaries & Wages Expense Test Year Ended December 31, 1995			
Acct No.	Account	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	<u>Total</u>
508-20	Salaries charged to Plant	(\$1,815)	(\$1,735)	(\$3,550)
508-08	WSC-Salaries Operators	57,874	55,322	113,196
508-45	WSC-Salaries Computers	2,938	2,809	5,747
508-53	IL-Salaries Office	2,169	2,073	4,242
508-54	IL- Salaries Admin.	5,220	4,989	10,209
508-58	SC-Salaries Office	11,447	10,943	22,390
508-70	IL-Salaries Admin. Office	1,057	1,010	2,067
508-71	IL-Salaries Office Exempt	3,875	3,704	7,579
	Total \$82,765 \$79,115 \$161,880			
Source:	C.A. #1-5			

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As shown above, the Commission should be aware that virtually all of the salaries and wages expense charged to the company is allocated either from the Water Service Corporation (WSC) or from the parent's Illinois office. Thus, as a subsidiary, Tega Cay has little control over the wage expense that appears on its books and upon which this rate case is predicated. It is difficult to determine whether these allocations are

- reasonable since the company has not disclosed, either in the filing or in its testimony, the underlying assumptions related to these salaries, such as, the amount and timing of any pay increases.
- Q. Isn't it true that pro forma salaries & wages expenses are less than
 the test year booked amount?
- A. Yes. Because all of its water supply is now being purchased, the company has not filled two vacant operator positions which, therefore, reduces total payroll.
- Q. Have pro forma salaries & wages been annualized at the end of the
 test year, which is a normal ratemaking practice?
- 11 Α. No, salaries & wages have been annualized as of April 23, 1996, almost 12 four months after the end of the test year. It is normal ratemaking 13 practice that the major elements of the ratemaking formula- rate base. 14 income statement and rate of return- be synchronized as of the same 15 date. If such elements are not in synch, then an unfair return to the 16 company could result. In this case, the company is presenting a post-test 17 year adjustment to expenses without an annualization of revenues at the same date. Even though this Commission does not adjudicate water rate 18 19 cases on the rate base/rate of return methodology, this mismatch is still 20 unfair to the ratepayers who are supporting the company through rates.

- Q. Since we are now in October, 1996, isn't it proper to recognize the wage increase at the April, 1996 date that the company is proposing for annualization purposes?
- A. No. First, the company has not explained either in the filing or in testimony, the significance of the April date. I assume that this is the date upon which the parent and subsidiaries receive wage increases, but this is unclear.

Second, it was the company's choice to file this rate case based upon a

1995 test year. A later test year could have been utilized that would have
incorporated the April wage increase and negated the necessity for a

post-test year adjustment, but it was not. Therefore, in order to be fair,
annualizations based upon circumstances occurring after the end of the
company's chosen test period should not be allowed.

14 Q. What do you recommend?

In order to be fair to ratepayers and to be consistent with other adjustments, I recommend that salaries and wages be annualized as of 12/31/95, the end of the test year. C.A.#2-10 requested that the company recalculate pro forma salaries & wages at that date in the same format as the reply to C.A.#1-17. However, the reply to C.A.#2-10 was not in the format requested. Therefore, on Schedule MAB-3, I have attempted to recalculate pro forma salaries & wages at December 31, 1995 utilizing the

data received. The result of this recalculation is a reduction of \$2,128 to the company's claim. Please note that this recalculation at test year-end is for Operators and Office employees only and does not include allocated salaries for WSC for which the company provided no workpapers. The Commission should require the company to recalculate WSC allocated salaries at December 31, 1995 and include the difference between this total and the booked total as an adjustment to salaries & wages expense.

Also, the Commission should require the company to present supporting data for all of the salary expense that is allocated in subsequent rate case filings. Such data should include the wage increases granted each employee and how allocations were determined.

1 B. Expense Variances

- Q. Have you noted a number of expense increases during the test year
 as compared to the two prior years?
- 4 A. Yes. As a matter of normal analysis, I prepare a comparison of O&M
 5 expenses by account, including and excluding labor, over a 3-year period.
 6 In this way, I can determine if there are any abnormal expenditures that
 7 are included in the company's test year claim. Upon determining whether
 8 such variances exist, I then request the company to explain the reasons
 9 behind the expense increases and make a determination as to whether
 10 some variances should be adjusted for ratemaking purposes.
- In this proceeding, I noted a number of large variances, both increases and decreases. I am especially concerned with some of these increases.

13 Q. Why are you only concerned with increased variances?

A. If the company considered some of the downward variances to be abnormal, then, I assume pro forma adjustments would have been made.

Since no such adjustments were made, the Commission should consider such expenditures to be normal. The burden is upon the company to make such adjustments, not upon myself or the Consumer Advocate.

1 Q. Can you point out some of the larger variances?

2 A. Yes, they include the following:

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	Compa	Tega Cay rative O&M	Water Se		g Labor			
		st Year End			95			
		4545455			Water	*****		
500.40	Oblasta	12/31/93	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	12/31/94	\$	%	<u>12/31/95</u>
506-10	Chlorine	2,267	602	26.55%	2,869	850	29.63%	3,719
531-11	Employee Insurance Deductions	(2,062)	912	-44.23%	(1,150)	1,005	-87.39%	(145
531-12	Health Costs & Other	333	(91)	-27.33%	242	7,553	3121.07%	7,795
531-70	ESOP Contributions	2,210	413	18.69%	2,623	447	17.04%	3,070
553-02	Answering Service	155	• 3	1.94%	158	147	93.04%	305
553-03	Computer Supplies	0	167		167	1,507	902.40%	1,674
553-05	Postage & Postage Meter	7,584	(4,940)	-65.14%	2,644	1,920	72.62%	4,564
555-36	Operations Telephones-LD	43	133	309.30%	176	522	296.59%	698
604-13	Operators Postage	0	0		0	460		460
604-16	Operators Memberships	20	81	405.00%	101	410	405.94%	511
					Sewer			
		12/31/93	<u>\$</u>	%	12/31/94	\$	%	12/31/95
531-11	Employee Insurance Deductions	(1,011)	(95)	9.40%	(1,106)	968	-87.52%	(138
531-12	Health Costs & Other	163	70	42.94%	233	7,219	3098.28%	7,452
531-70	ESOP Contributions	1,084	1,441	132.93%	2,525	409	16.20%	2,934
553-02	Answering Service	76	76	100.00%	152	140	92.11%	292
553-03	Computer Supplies	0	160	#DIV/0!	160	1,440	900.00%	1,600
553-05	Postage & Postage Meter	3,719	(1,174)	-31.57%	2,545	1,817	71.39%	4,362
555-36	Operations Telephones-LD	21	148	704.76%	169	499	295.27%	668
603-03	Sewer-Maintenance Supplies	1,637	2,096	128.04%	3,733	974	26.09%	4,707
603-06	Sewer-Maintenance Repairs	7,021	1,519	21.64%	8,540	1,900	22.25%	10,440
603-09	Sewer-Elec. Equip. Repair	1,054	797	75.62%	1,851	611	33.01%	2,462
603-11	Sewer-Sewer Rodding	2,024	5,230	258.40%	7,254	5,648	77.86%	12,902
604-13	Operators Postage	0	0		. 0	440		440
604-16	Operators Memberships	10	87	870.00%	97	391	403.09%	488
606-20	Sewer Tests	8,628	240	2.78%	8,868	5,595	63.09%	14,463

Q. As shown above, do many of the same accounts for both water and sewer have large variances?

7 A. Yes. Many of these accounts are payroll-related or office supply-related.
8 Most of these expenses appear to have been allocated from the WSC,
9 again, calling into question service company practices. As discussed
10 further below, I recommend that the company be required to provide
11 detailed information to support all expenses that are allocated to it from

- other sources. Just to include these large test year expenditure variances
 without an explanation should be regarded as an unacceptable
 ratemaking practice.
- 4 Q. How has the company explained the large increases in sewer expense for the 603 and 606 accounts?
- A. The company explained the 26% increase in Maintenance Supplies and
 the 22% increase in Maintenance Repairs as follows:
- "Sewer maintenance supplies and repairs increased as part of the '10% program' to clean mains and identify problem areas and repair them. The 10% cleaned were found to have more problems than the 10% cleaned in the previous year." (C.A.#2-7)

13 Q. What do you recommend?

- A. Since test year expenditures were based upon "more problems" than the year before, it is clear that the test year expense is abnormal. I recommend that a three-year average of actual expenditures in accounts 603-03 and 603-06 be utilized to determine a "normal" expense for ratemaking purposes.
- 19 Q. How has the company explained the 78% increase in the Sewer 20 Rodding account?
- 21 A. The company explained that:

"Sewer rodding increased due to an increase in sewer backups. Mains were televised to locate problem areas. Sections of mains were then pressure washed or roots cut with a cutting device." (C.A.#2-7)

Since the test year included an "increase in sewer backups", the test year expense is clearly abnormal. Again, I recommend that a three-year average of actual sewer rodding expense be used to determine a normal expense for ratemaking purposes.

9 Q. What was the reason given for the 63.09% increase in Sewer Tests?

10 A. The company replied that:

"The increase in sewer costs is due to the NPDES permit requiring additional test in 1995 for nitrogen-ammonia and total phosphorous which were not required in 1994. In addition, further sampling was required for mixed liquor suspended solids (MLSS) for better process control at the wastewater treatment plants." (C.A.#2-7)

The above reply does clarify whether the tests required in 1995 will continue to be necessary in the future. If such tests are required, then the test year expense appears proper because it represents a normal level of expenditure. If such tests were only required in 1995, then the test year expense is abnormal and a three-year average should be taken. I have not made an adjustment at this time. However, the company should clarify whether the described tests are ongoing and the Commission should reflect an adjustment, if necessary, in its Order, based upon this clarification.

- 1 As shown on Schedule MAB-4, the result of the above recommendations
- 2 is a \$8,630 downward adjustment to expense.

1 <u>C. Deferred Charges</u>

- 2 Q. Has the company included a pro forma expense claim for deferred
- 3 charges?
- 4 A. Yes, the company is claiming deferred charges amortization of \$4,130 for
- 5 water and \$2,766 for sewer.
- 6 Q. To be clear, what is a deferred charge?
- 7 A. For ratemaking purposes, a deferred charge is an expense that the
- 8 company incurred in a period <u>prior</u> to the test year which is being claimed
- 9 as part of pro forma test year expense.
- 10 Q. What types of deferred expenses are being claimed?
- 11 A. Most of the claimed expenses are related to tank maintenance.
- 12 Q. Do you know when these charges were incurred?
- 13 A. From the reply to C.A.#2-12, the following can be determined:
- 14 Tank Maint (w)-1 10/1/91 15 Tank Maint (w)-2 6/1/92 16 Tank Maint (w)-5 1/1/95 17 Clean SWR Dry Wells 6/1/92 18 Pr. Wash Sewer Mains 8/1/93 19 Tank Maint (s)-1 10/1/91 20 Tank Maint (s)-3 8/1/93

1		Thus, only one of the maintenance expenditures occurred during the test
2		year.
3	Q.	Shouldn't it be up to the Commission to determine if expenditures
4		should be deferred and later claimed for ratemaking purposes?
5	A.	Yes. The company should come to the Commission and request
6		permission to defer expenditures on its books and, then, the Commission
7		should decide whether the company should be given the opportunity, not
8		the right, to request that such expenditures be reflected in a later rate
9		case. If such requests are made, then the parties should be given the
10		opportunity to question the company about the propriety of the
11		expenditures.
12	Q.	Should the company's request for recognition of past expenditures
13		be accepted for ratemaking purposes?
14	A.	The company states that:
15 16		"The deferral of these expenditures was approved by the PSC in Docket No. 92-638-W/S." C.A.#1-20
17		However, this statement is not consistent with the company's statement in
18		the reply to C.A.1-25 that:
19 20		"The company had only one previous rate case and it was for sewer only."

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Therefore, it appears that three of the four claims for deferral of prior water tank maintenance expenses are new claims. Since this is so, I recommend that the amortization of the prior water deferrals in the amount of \$3,808 (\$177+\$3,519+\$112) not be accepted for ratemaking purposes in this proceeding.

Ratemaking does not guarantee that utilities be reimbursed for every penny spent. It is not fair to ratepayers that expenditures made well before the beginning of the test year be recognized during the test year. If the company wants such expenditures to be recognized, it can file a base rate case or request that such expenditures be deferred on its books and an opportunity to recover such expenses be given in a subsequent rate case.

Further, I am concerned about the company's statement that these types of expenditures "recur on average every five years." (C.A.#1-20) No support is given for this statement. The Commission should not accept this statement on face value unless a history of tank maintenance provided by the company proves it to be so.

18 Q. Should a further adjustment be made to the company's pro forma 19 claim?

20 A. Yes. Based upon the data presented in the reply to C.A.#1-20, the 21 amortizations for "Tank Maint (w)-1"-\$177 and "Tank Maint (s)-1"-\$171 will be ending in 1996. As such, even if the Commission allows deferred charges for water, no amortization for the above two items should be recognized for ratemaking purposes since such amortization is non-recurring.

D. Regulatory Commission Expense

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- Q. Do you have any observations regarding the company's rate case
 expense claim?
- Yes. I recommend that the Commission consider rate case expenditures 4 Α. 5 to be a **normalized** expense no different from any other normalized 6 expense allowed for ratemaking purposes. Since water utilities, 7 especially, are filing rate cases on a more frequent basis, rate case 8 expense should be recognized as a normal cost of doing business. For 9 ratemaking purposes, this means that only the normalized expense of the 10 current case should be recognized, with the unamortized portion being 11 eliminated for recognition in subsequent proceedings.
 - Further, it is a general ratemaking principle that ratepayers who benefit from a particular utility expenditure should bear the cost. Therefore, the Commission should also ensure that no unamortized rate case expense is included in rate base or allowed as part of pro forma test year expense so that there is a proper matching of costs and cost responsibility.

1 <u>E. Income Taxes</u>

- Q. Should the state income tax expense as filed by the company berecalculated?
- 4 A. Yes. The company has stated that pro forma state income tax expense
 5 was calculated at 5.50%, rather than at the statutory rate of 5.0%. The
 6 company should refile its schedules utilizing the correct state income tax
 7 rate.

F. Customer Growth

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- 2 Q. How has the company determined its adjustment for customer growth?
- A. The company has calculated its customer growth adjustment by multiplying the percentage change in billing units between the end of the test year and the average test year by pro forma net operating income at both present and proposed rates.

8 Q. What is this adjustment supposed to represent?

- 9 A. I am not sure but I believe that by making this adjustment the company is 10 trying to say that net income varies proportionally with numbers of 11 customers.
- 12 Q. Is this the type of customer growth adjustment with which you are familiar in other ratemaking proceedings?
- A. No. In my experience, this type of customer growth adjustment is unique.

 To say that net income varies proportionally with numbers of customers is ludicrous. For this to be true, every revenue and expense account would have to be considered to be variable. There would be no fixed expenses or expenses that might be variable but which are not dependent on customer growth.

1 Q. How is a customer growth adjustment normally calculated for ratemaking purposes?

A. It is incontestable that revenues vary directly with the number of customers- as customers increase, so do revenues. Therefore, the customer growth adjustment usually reflects the growth in revenues due to the growth in customers.

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Below, I have calculated a customer growth adjustment based upon the change in billing units as applied to revenues per billing unit. The result is a net revenue adjustment of \$5,954, after adjustments for revenue related expenses.

It is my recommendation that the Commission accept such an adjustment which is based upon the true relationship between customer growth and revenues.

Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. Customer Growth Adjustment Test Year Ended Decmber 31, 1995			
End of test year billing units Average test year billing units Change in billing units	<u>Water</u> 18,156 17,950 206	<u>Sewer</u> 17,196 17,069 127	<u>Total</u>
P.F. revenues @ present rates Revenue per billing unit	\$239,111 \$13.32	\$426,725 \$25.00	
Adjustment	\$2,744	\$3,175	\$5,919
Miscellaneous revenues @2.00%			118
Uncollectible accounts @.30%			(18)
Gross receipts tax @1.10%			(65)
Net adjustment			\$5,954

1 G. Wells

- 2 Q. Is a balance being claimed in rate base for wells?
- 3 A. Yes. According to the reply to C.A.#1-53, rate base includes a net
- 4 balance of \$51,980 for wells.
- Q. Was any water produced from the company's wells during the testyear?
- A. No. According to the reply to C.A.#1-52, no water was produced from the company's wells during the test year. No water was produced because all water sold for consumption is purchased.
- 10 Q. If no water was produced from the company's wells during the test
 11 year and it is a known fact that the company is now purchasing and
 12 will continue to purchase its water supply in the future, should the
 13 balance for wells be included in rate base?
- A. No. The company's wells do not meet the ratemaking standard of being used and useful and, therefore, should not be included in rate base. If the wells are not being used, then no return should be earned upon them.

 The Commission should reflect a \$51,980 reduction to rate base which will affect the calculation of pro forma interest expense.

H. Allocations

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- Q. It is evident from discovery responses that a large amount of expenses that appear on the company's books is allocated. First, did the company include any support for these allocations either in the initial filing or in testimony?
- A. No, the company provided no such support. Certainly, the burden is upon the company to provide support for <u>all</u> its expense claims.
- 9 Since no supporting material was provided, have you attempted to determine the amount of expenses that are allocated to the company on an annual basis?
- 11 A. C.A.1-41 requested the company to provide detailed schedules 12 supporting all expenses allocated to Tega Cay over the past three years. 13 The reply to this request contained numerous data sheets but no 14 summary of expenses which made it very difficult to discern the answer to 15 the above request. However, I have attempted to perform an analysis 16 (shown below) which, to the best of my knowledge, determined that 17 almost \$300,000 of expenses were allocated to the company during 1995. 18 as compared to total booked O&M expense of about \$476,000.

Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. Allocated Expenses Test Year Ended December 31, 1995		
Direct Salaries		
SC Operators	\$90,733	
Gross Salary	7,571	
Total Payroll Tax	18,346	
Total Benefits	116,650	
Subtotal		
NC Operators		
Gross Salary	22,463	
Total Payroll Tax	1,609	
Total Benefits	2,586	
Subtotal	26,658	
NC Office		
Gross Salary	22,390	
Total Payroll Tax	1,795	
Total Benefits	4,826	
Subtotal	29,011	
Computer Costs	12,336	
Other Insurance	13,563	
General Expenses	56,451	
Distribution between Companies	41,478	
TOTAL	\$296,147	

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- 2 Q. What are the basic categories of expenses which are allocated to the
- 3 company?
- 4 A. Basic expense categories include Direct Salaries, Computer Costs,
- 5 Insurance, Common Expenses and expenses between companies.

- Q. You have discussed salary allocations above. How do test year
 allocated salaries compare to prior years?
- 3 A. Over \$160,000 of salaries was allocated to Tega Cay during the test year.
- This amount compares to about \$140,000 of salaries allocated during
- 5 1994 and \$110,000 during 1993, not including payroll-related items such
- 6 as pensions and other benefits.
- Q. Can you provide examples of the types of computer costs that areallocated to Tega Cay?
- 9 A. Yes. Such costs include Outside Computer Consultants, Computer
 10 Salaries, Microfilming and Computer depreciation.
- 11 Q. Please provide examples of Insurance costs which are allocated.
- A. Allocated insurance costs include General Property, Excess Liability,
 Auto, and Workman's Compensation
- Q. Are you concerned with the types of Common Expenses that arebeing allocated to Tega Cay?
- 16 A. Yes, I am. I call into question the types of common expenses being
 17 allocated to the company. Such expenses include legal fees, audit fees,
 18 director fees, office cleaning service, landscaping & mowing, office
 19 garbage removal, etc. It certainly is not clear what benefit some of these
 20 expenditures have for the customers of Tega Cay.

Q. What do you recommend?

A. It is important that customers pay only for expenses that directly benefit the operation of the utility that provides service to them. Just to allocate a myriad of expenses without testimony or direct support, is not enough for such expenses to be accepted for ratemaking purposes. I offer three recommendations.

First, I recommend that the Commission disallow the following non-salary allocated general expenses in the amount of \$25,493. The company must supply detailed support and explain why such expenses provided a <u>direct</u> <u>benefit</u> to Tega Cay customers and should, therefore, be allowed for ratemaking purposes.

Tega Cay Water Service General Expenses to Be Di Test Year Ended Decembe	s a llowed
Agency Expense	\$76
Legalfees	550
Audit fees	2.047
Temp. Empl.	235
Employ Finder Fees	708
Director Fees	2,864
Accounting Studies	235
Tax ReturnReview	522
Other Outside Services	372
Deferred Compensation	31
Publ Subscriptions & Tapes	186
Printing & Blueprints	294
UPS & Air Freight	148
XEROX	121
Off Supply Stores	406
Cleaning Supplies	67
M em berships	68
Office Telephone	640
Office Telephone Long Dist	159
Office Electric	601
Office Cleaning Serv	499
Landscaping, Mowing, Snow	372
Office Garbage Removal	31
Decor & Repaint Structures	24
Other Office Maint	925
Employees ED Expenses	339
Office Education/Train Exp	697
Bank Serv Charges	1,674
Real Estate Tax	1,281
Interest-Interco.	9,321
TOTAL	\$25,493
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Second, I recommend that the Commission order a complete audit of the expenses allocated to Tega Cay including the types of expenses that are normally allocated and the methods of allocation.

Third, I recommend that the Commission require the company to supply a complete set of clear, concise workpapers supporting all its allocated expense claims as part of its next rate filing.

1 I. Tap Fees

- 2 Q. Does the tariff include tap fees for water and sewer?
- 3 A. Yes. The tap fee includes a plant capacity fee and a tap fee, as shown in
- 4 the company's Supplemental Response to Staff Data Request #1-2.
- 5 Q. What are the amounts of the fees?
- 6 A. The tap fee for water is \$600.00 and the tap fee for sewer is \$1,200.00
- 7 Q. Are the level of these fees appropriate?
- 8 A. No. It is my understanding that the plant capacity portion of the fee is
- 9 designed to recover costs related to expansion of facilities for water
- supply and sewerage treatment. Given that the system now relies on bulk
- service purchases from York County, the plant capacity portion of the fee
- is no longer appropriate.
- 13 Q. What do you recommend
- 14 A. I recommend that the level of the tap fee be set to recover only those
- 15 costs related to tapping on a new customer. Additionally, I recommend
- that the company only be allowed to charge this fee when it actually
- performs the work related to tapping on a new customer or if the company
- is required to reimburse another party for that work.

- If housing developers are the ones actually incurring the costs to install taps and the company has no developer agreements to reimburse the developer (as stated in response to CA.#1-1), then the company should not charge a tap fee.
- 5 Q. Does this conclude your Direct Testimony?
- 6 A. Yes, it does.

MICHAEL A. BLEIWEIS

CONSULTING EXPERIENCE

1	IDAHO	
2 3 4	Idaho Electric Company)) Idaho Water Company)	Docket Nos.: 100726) 100727) 100728)
5	<u>INDIANA</u>	•
6	Flowing Wells Water Company	Docket No. 34739
7	MASSACHUSETTS	
8	Hingham Water Company	Docket No. 19744
9	American Water Company	Docket No. 19900
10	NEW JERSEY	
11 12 13 14	Commonwealth Water Company	Docket Nos.: 784-274 819-781 842-100 WR8503245
15 16 17	Elizabethtown Water Company	Docket Nos.: 802-76 818-735 WR8504330
18 19	Mt. Holly Water Company	Docket Nos.: 805-314 819-801
20 21 22 23	Monmouth Consolidated Water Company	Docket Nos.: 819-816 828-723 831-1113 850-3267
24	Public Service Electric and Gas Co.	Docket No. 812-76

MICHAEL A. BLEIWEIS

CONSULTING EXPERIENCE

1	NEW JERSEY	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Atlantic City Electric Company	Docket Nos.: 7911-9511 839-753(LEAC) 8410-1079(LEAC) ER8504434 8609980-4981 8709-1159&1160 8809-1053 ER90091090J ER92020253J
11 12 13 14 15	Jersey Central Power and Light Co.	Docket Nos.: 811-25 831-110 8507698 8601121(LEAC) ER87111295(LEAC) ER91121820J
17	Rockland Electric Company	Docket No. 827-612
18 19	Middlesex Water Company	Docket Nos.: 829-707 845-402
20 21	New Jersey Natural Gas Company	Docket Nos.: 831-46 838-687 (LPGA)
22 23	Hackensack Water Company	Docket Nos.: 837-622 847-698
24 25 26 27	Elizabethtown Gas Company	Docket Nos.: GR86121374 GR88080913(LPGA) GR8812-1321 GR8801-0217
28	Toms River Water Company	Docket No. WR92010081
29	<u>OHIO</u>	
30	American Utilities Co. (water)	Docket No.80-999-AIR

MICHAEL A. BLEIWEIS

CONSULTING EXPERIENCE

1 **PENNSYLVANIA** 2 Philadelphia Electric Co. (Elec and Gas Divs) Docket Nos.: R-80061225 3 R-811626 4 R-811719 5 R-822291 6 R-832410 7 R-842590 8 R-850152 9 R-860346-1307(f) 10 R-880955-1307(f) 11 R-891290-1307(f) 12 R-911976-1307(f) 13 **Equitable Gas Company** Docket No. R-80041169 14 **Duquesne Light Company** Docket Nos.: R-811470 15 R-832337 16 M-00930404C001 17 West Penn Power Company Docket Nos.: R-811836 18 R-901609 19 The Peoples Natural Gas Co. Docket No. R-821906 Pennsylvania Gas & Water Co. (Gas and Water) Docket Nos.: R-821961 20 21 R-822102 22 R-891261 23 Metropolitan Edison Company Docket No. R-842770 24 Pennsylvania Electric Co. Docket No. R-842771 25 Philadelphia Water Department 1985 Rate Increase 26 1990 Rate Increase 27 1992 Rate Increase

MICHAEL A. BLEIWEIS

CONSULTING EXPERIENCE

<u>PENNSYLVANIA</u>

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Philadelphia Gas Works	1986 Rate Increase 1988 Rate Increase 1990 Rate Increase 1991 Rate Increase 1993-94 Operating Budget 1994-95 Operating Budget 1995-96 Operating Budget 1996-97 Operating Budget
11 12	UGI Corporation	Docket No. R-860344-1307(f) R-00932862
13 14 15 16 17	Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania	Docket Nos.: R-860527 R-87058 R-901873 R-911921-1307(f) R-932597-1307(f)
18 19	Western Pennsylvania Water Co Butler District	Docket No. R-832381
20	Pennsylvania-American Water Co.	Docket No. R-880916
21 22	T.W. Phillips Gas and Oil Co.	Docket Nos.: R-88194 R-891566
23	Philadelphia Suburban Water Co.	Docket No. R-891270
24	Newtown Artesian Water Co.	Docket No. R-911977
25	Indian Rock Water Company	Docket No. R-911971
26	Apollo Gas Company	Docket No. R-092254
27	Shenango Valley Water Company	Docket No. R-00922420
28	Pennsylvania Power & Light Company	Docket No. M-00930406C0001
29	Borough of Media Water Works	Docket No. R-00943098

MICHAEL A. BLEIWEIS

CONSULTING EXPERIENCE

1	<u>PENNSYLVANIA</u>	
2	PFG Gas, Inc./North Penn Gas, Inc.	Docket No. R-00953524
3	RHODE ISLAND	
4	Bristol County Water Company	Docket No. 1787
5	NEW MEXICO	
6	Gas Company of New Mexico	Case No. 1916
7	Public Service Co. of New Mexico	Case No. 1916
8	DELAWARE	
9 10 11	Delmarva Power & Light Co.	Docket Nos.: 86-24 91-20 92-85
12 13	Artesian Water Company	Docket Nos.: 90-10 92-5
14	Wilmington Suburban Water Co.	Docket No. 91-1
15	Delaware Electric Cooperative	Docket No. 91-37
16	SOUTH CAROLINA	
17	South Carolina Pipeline Corp.	Docket No. 88-652-G
18 19	South Carolina Electric and Gas Co.	Docket Nos.: 88-695-G 92-009-G
20	Peoples Natural Gas Co. of SC	Docket No. 89-12-G
21	Carolina Water Service	Docket No. 93-738-W/S

MICHAEL A. BLEIWEIS

CONSULTING EXPERIENCE

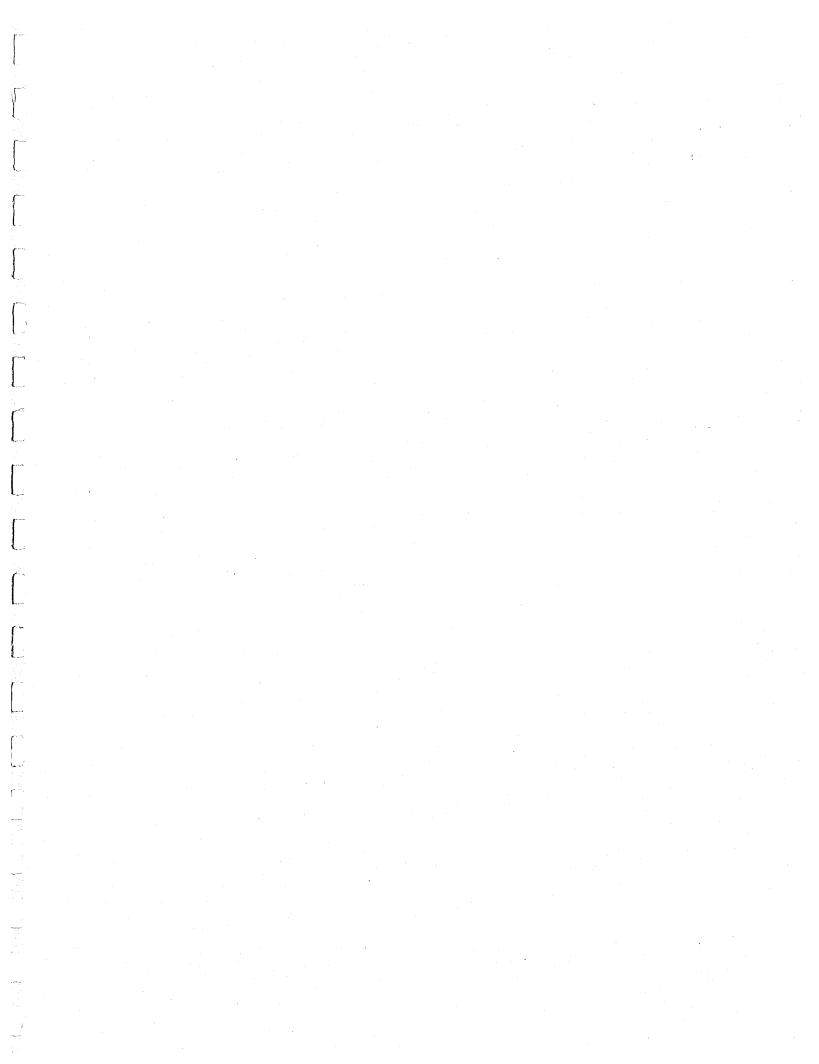
1	MAINE
	1417-2114

2 Central Maine Power Co.

Docket No. 92-345

- 3 Mr. Bleiweis has also supervised or participated in the preparation of rate cases
- 4 for companies in the states of Arizona, California and New York.

5



Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. Operating Margins Test Year Ended December 31, 1995

Net Income	Company (1) (\$28,381)	Adjustment (2) \$29,982	C.A. (3) \$1,601	Schedule MAB- 7
Revenues	\$677,141	\$6,019	\$683,160	below
Operating Margin	-4.19%	4.42%	0.23%	•
Revenues				
Service Revenues	\$665,836	\$5,919	\$671,755	. 5
Misc Revenues	13,327	118	13,445	5
Uncollectible Accounts	(2,022)	(18)	(2,040)	5
Total	\$677,141	\$6,019 [°]	\$683,160	•

Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. Utility Income Before Income Taxes Test Year Ended December 31, 1995

U.O.I. before Income Taxes _	Company (1) \$67,326	Adjustment (2) \$0	C.A. (3) \$67,326	Schedule MAB-
Adjustments:	,			
Salaries & Wages		2,128	2,128	3
Expense Variances		8,630	8,630	4
Deferred Charges-Water		3,808	3,808	C.A.#1-20
Deferred Charges-Sewer		171	171	C.A.#1-20
Customer Growth		5,954	5,954	5
Allocations		25,493	25,493	6
Total Adjustments	0	46,184	46,184	- -
Adjusted U.O.I. bef Inc Txs	\$67,326	\$46,184	\$113,510	=

Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. Salaries & Wages Test Year Ended December 31, 1995

	Salary as of 12/31/95	FICA	SUTA	FUTA	Total	Health	Pension	FSOP	O. P.	Total
<u>OPERATORS</u>	0.4		=							
	000'81 &	\$1,492	200	000	850,T&	\$7,175	\$282	2/80	\$413	\$4,553
	18,883		46	78	1,519	1,388	267	755	207	2.917
	13,824		15	14	1,070	751	380	472	112	1,715
	3,280	249	က	က	255	148	06	112	22	372
	5,360	1	က	က	285	148	147	183	23	200
Total Operators Salary	\$60,847	1 11	\$158	\$104	\$4,768	\$5,210	\$1,769	\$2,302	\$776	\$10,057
	\$41,358	\$3,103	\$51	\$56	\$3,210	\$2,775	\$1,136	\$1,413	\$413	\$5,737
	17,388	1,330	51	20	1,437	2,775	477	594	413	4,259
	26,309	2,013	21	20	2,120	2,775	722	833	413	4,809
	19,765	1,512	51	92	1,619	2,775	543	675	413	4,406
	26,916	1,995	21	20	2,102	2,775	739	920	413	4,847
	21,148	1,618	51	20	1,725	2,775	581	723	413	4,492
	14,685	1,123	5	20	1,230	2,775	403	205	413	4,093
	25,558	1,891	51	20	1,998	2,775	702	873	413	4,763
	23,490	1,797	51	20	1,904	2,775	645	803	413	4,636
	33,108	2,535	51	20	2,642	2,775	606	1,131	413	5,228
	20,217	1,482	51	20	1,589	2,775	555	691	413	4,434
	24,358	1,863	51	20	1,970	2,775	699	832	413	4,689
	24,246	1,791	51	20	1,898	2,775	999	828	413	4,682
	20,000	1,530	51	26	1,637	2,775	900	800	413	4,588
Subtotal	\$338,546	\$25,583	\$714	\$784	\$27,081	\$38,850	\$9,347	\$11,684	\$5,782	\$65,663
Allocation to TC @6.00%	\$20,313	\$1,535	\$43	\$47	\$1,625	\$2,331	\$561	\$701	\$347	\$3,940
	1	:	,	-						
	Company	P	C A							
Operator	\$61,429	(\$582)	\$60,847							
	21,111	(798)	20,313							
Payroll Taxes	6,695	(302)	6,393							
	14,443	(446)	13,997							
	\$103,678	(\$2,128)	\$101,550							

Source: C.A.#2-10

Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. O&M Expense Variances Test Year Ended December 31, 1995

		12/31/93	12/31/94	12/31/95	<u>Total</u>	<u>Average</u>	Adjustment
603-03	Sewer-Maintenance Supplies	\$1,637	\$3,733	\$4,707	\$10,077	\$3,359	(\$1,348)
603-06	Sewer-Maintenance Repairs	\$7,021	\$8,540	\$10,440	\$26,001	\$8,667	(1,773)
603-11	Sewer-Sewer Rodding	\$2,024	\$7,254	\$12,902	\$22,180	\$7,393	(5,509)
	TOTAL					• :	(\$8,630)

Source: C.A. 2-7

Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. Customer Growth Adjustment Test Year Ended December 31, 1995

End of test year billing units Average test year billing units Change in billing units	Water 18,156 17,950 206	<u>Sewer</u> 17,196 17,069 127	<u>Total</u>
P.F. revenues @ present rates Revenue per billing unit	\$239,111 \$13.32	\$426,725 \$25.00	:
Adjustment	\$2,744	\$3,175	\$5,919
Miscellaneous revenues @ 2.00%			118
Uncollectible accounts @.30%			(18)
Gross receipts tax @1.10%			(65)
Net adjustment		;	\$5,954

Source: C.A. 1-31

Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. General Expenses to Be Disallowed Test Year Ended December 31, 1995

Agency Expense	\$76
Legal fees	550
Audit fees	2,047
Temp. Empl.	235
Employ Finder Fees	708
Director Fees	2,864
Accounting Studies	235
Tax ReturnReview	522
Other Outside Services	372
Deferred Compensation	31
Publ Subscriptions & Tapes	186
Printing & Blueprints	294
UPS & Air Freight	148
XEROX	121
Off Supply Stores	406
Cleaning Supplies	67
Memberships	68
Office Telephone	640
Office Telephone Long Dist	159
Office Electric	601
Office Cleaning Serv	499
Landscaping, Mowing, Snow	372
Office Garbage Removal	31
Decor & Repaint Structures	24
Other Office Maint	925
Employees ED Expenses	339
Office Education/Train Exp	697
Bank Serv Charges	1,674
Real Estate Tax	1,281
Interest-Interco.	9,321
TOTAL	\$25,493

Source: C.A. 1-41

Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. Income Taxes Net Utility Operating Income Test Year Ended December 31, 1995

	Company (1)	Adjustment (2)	C.A. (3)	Schedule MAB-
U.O.I. before Income Taxes	\$67,326	\$46,184	\$113,510	2
Interest on Debt	113,676	(2,720)	110,956	8
Net Inc bef Income Taxes	(46,350)	48,904	2,554	-
State Tax @5.0%	(2,318)	2,446	128	_
Federal Taxable Income	(44,032)	46,458	2,426	-
Federal Tax @34%	(14,971)	15,796	825	.
Net Utility Opg Income Customer Growth Adj.	84,615 680	27,942 (680)	112,557 0	
		(000)	<u> </u>	-
Adj. Net Util Opg. Income	85,295	27,262	112,557	
Interest on Debt	113,676	(2,720)	110,956	_ 8
Net Income =	(\$28,381)	\$29,982	\$1,601	=

Tega Cay Water Service, Inc. Interest on Debt Test Year Ended December 31, 1995

	Company (1)	Adjustment (2)	C.A. (3)	Schedule MAB-
Rate Base	\$2,382,252	(\$57,049)	\$2,325,203	9
Percent Debt	53.08%	0.00%	53.08%	
Cost of Debt	8.99%	0.00%	8.99%	•
Interest on Debt	\$113,676	(\$2,720)	\$110,956	• *